

Dupixent® (dupilumab) - New indication

- On May 20, 2022, <u>Regeneron and Sanofi announced</u> the <u>FDA approval</u> of <u>Dupixent (dupilumab)</u>, for the treatment of adult and pediatric patients aged 12 years and older, weighing at least 40 kg, with eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE).
- Dupixent is also approved:
 - For the treatment of adult and pediatric patients aged 6 years and older with moderate-tosevere atopic dermatitis whose disease is not adequately controlled with topical prescription therapies or when those therapies are not advisable.
 - As an add-on maintenance treatment of adult and pediatric patients aged 6 years and older with moderate-to-severe asthma characterized by an eosinophilic phenotype or with oral corticosteroid dependent asthma.
 - As an add-on maintenance treatment in adult patients with inadequately controlled chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis.
- EoE is a chronic inflammatory disease driven by type 2 inflammation that damages the esophagus
 and prevents it from working properly. For people with EoE, swallowing even small amounts of
 food can be a painful and worrisome choking experience. An estimated 160,000 patients are living
 with EoE in the U.S.
- The approval of Dupixent for the new indication was based on a single randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study, including two 24-week treatment periods (Parts A and B), in 240 adult and pediatric patients with EoE. In both parts, patients were randomized to receive Dupixent or placebo. The co-primary endpoints in Parts A and B were the (1) proportion of patients achieving histological remission defined as peak esophageal intraepithelial eosinophil count of ≤6 eos/hpf at week 24; and (2) the absolute change in the subject-reported Dysphagia Symptom Questionnaire (DSQ) score from baseline to week 24.
 - In Part A, 59.5% and 5.1% of patients treated with Dupixent and placebo, respectively, achieved histological remission (treatment difference 57.0, 95% CI: 40.9, 73.1). The absolute change from baseline in DSQ score was -21.9 and -9.6, respectively (treatment difference -12.3, 95% CI: -19.1, -5.5).
 - In Part B, 58.8% and 6.3% of patients treated with Dupixent and placebo, respectively, achieved histological remission (treatment difference 53.5, 95% CI: 41.2, 65.8). The absolute change from baseline in DSQ score was -23.8 and -13.9, respectively (treatment difference -9.9, 95% CI: -14.8, -5.0).
- The most common adverse reactions (≥ 2%) with Dupixent use in EoE were injection site reactions, upper respiratory tract infections, arthralgia, and herpes viral infections.
- The recommended dose of Dupixent for the treatment of EoE is 300 mg given subcutaneously every week.
 - Refer to the Dupixent drug label for dosing for all its other indications and additional dosing recommendations.

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